Genus Methanocatella

Etymology

[Me.tha.no.ca.tel'la] N.L. pref. methano-, pertaining to methane; L. fem. dim. n. catella, a little chain; N.L. fem. dim. n. Methanocatella, a methane-producing chain, referring to the short chains of cells characteristic of this genus

Nomenclatural type

Species Methanocatella smithii^{Ts}

Description

The genus is defined by relative evolutionary divergence (RED) and phylogenomic analysis as a monophyletic group. Short oval rods or coccobacilli, $0.4-1~\mu m$ in width and $0.6-1.5~\mu m$ in length. Cells occur singly, in pairs or in chains of 4-6 cells. Gram positive. Nonmotile. Require complex medium with yeast extract, trypticase, rumen fluid, or fecal extract. Optimum temperature is 35-42~°C. Use $H_2 + \text{CO}_2$ as substrates for methanogenesis, some species grow poorly on formate.

Classification

Archaea » Methanobacteriota » Methanobacteria » Methanobacteriales » Methanobacteriaceae » Methanocatella

References

Effective publication: Protasov et al., 2023 [1]

Registry URL

https://seqco.de/i:32432

References

1. Protasov et al. (2023). Diversity and taxonomic revision of methanogens and other archaea in the intestinal tract of terrestrial arthropods. *Frontiers in Microbiology*. DOI:10.3389/fmicb.2023.1281628