

## Species *Xiheibacterium phototrophicum*<sup>Ts</sup>

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### Etymology

[pho.to'tro.phi.cum] **Gr. n.** *phos*, photos light; **Gr. adj.** *trophikos*, nursing, tending or feeding; **N.L. neut. adj.** *phototrophicum*, referring to the likely ability to use light for energy generation

### Nomenclatural type

[NCBI Assembly: GCA\\_016709225.1](#)<sup>Ts</sup>

### Description

The nomenclatural type for the species is the genomic assembly LLY-WYZ-10\_1 (GCA\_016709225.1). Genome is predicted to 9.61 Mb in 12 scaffolds. The GC content is 71.15%. Genome has complete bacteriochlorophyll synthesis pathways, and encodes reaction center proteins and other key enzymes, suggesting potential phototrophic lifestyle. Genomic assemblies for this species originated from activated sludge.

### Classification

*Bacteria* » *Myxococcota* » *Polyangiia* » *Nannocystales* » *Nannocystaceae* » *Xiheibacterium* » *Xiheibacterium phototrophicum*<sup>Ts</sup>

### References

Effective publication: Li et al., 2023 [1]

### Registry URL

<https://seqco.de/i:32850>

## References

1. Li et al. (2023). Globally distributed Myxococcota with photosynthesis gene clusters illuminate the origin and evolution of a potentially chimeric lifestyle. *Nature Communications*. DOI:[10.1038/s41467-023-42193-7](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-023-42193-7)