

## Species *Kaelpia imicola*

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### Etymology

[i.mi'co.la] L. masc. adj. *imus*, bottom; L. n. suff. *-cola*, inhabitant; N.L. fem. n. *imicola*, bottom-dweller

### Nomenclatural type

[NCBI Assembly: GCA\\_030765505.1](#)<sup>TS</sup>

### Description

This species belongs to the genus *Kaelpia*. The description for this species is derived from Williams et al., 2021, and supplemented with additional information. This species is predicted to be heterotrophic. Fermentation of glucose to acetyl-CoA through EMP pathway is likely, and the genome encodes a V-type ATPase and Rnf complex for ATP synthesis, and a Group A3 [FeFe] hydrogenase. The genome also encodes a conductive pilin and genes for the production of a Type-4a pilus. The type for this species is the genome designated 3300035698\_1655.

### Classification

*Incertae sedis* (Bacteria) » “Kaelpiales” » “Kaelpiaceae” » *Kaelpia* » *Kaelpia imicola*

### References

Effective publication: Williams et al., 2021 [1]

### Registry URL

<https://seqco.de/i:33285>

## References

1. Williams et al. (2021). Shedding Light on Microbial “Dark Matter”: Insights Into Novel Cloacimonadota and Omnitrophota From an Antarctic Lake. *Frontiers in Microbiology*. [DOI:10.3389/fmicb.2021.741077](https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2021.741077)