

## Species *Ventrimonas faecis*<sup>T</sup>

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### Etymology

[fae'cis] **L. gen. n.** *faecis*, of dregs, pertaining to faeces, from where the type strain was isolated

### Nomenclatural type

Strain: CLA AP-H27 = DSM 118072 = GCA\_040096075 = GCA\_040096075.1 = LMG 33600

### Description

The genome size is 3.41 Mbp, G+C percentage is 49.27%, with 98.73% completeness and 0.63% contamination. Functional analysis showed the strain has 156 transporters, 21 secretion genes, and predicted utilization of starch, and production of acetate, propionate, L-glutamate, cobalamin, and folate. In total, 139 CAZymes were identified, with 21 different glycoside hydrolase families and 12 glycoside transferase families represented. The strain CLA-AP-H27 (phylum Bacillota, family Lachnospiraceae) was isolated from human faeces.

### Classification

*Bacteria* » *Bacillota* » *Clostridia* » *Lachnospirales* » *Lachnospiraceae* » *Ventrimonas* » *Ventrimonas faecis*<sup>T</sup>

### References

Effective publication: Hitch et al., 2025 [1]

### Registry URL

<https://seqco.de/i:48228>

## References

1. Hitch et al. (2025). HiBC: a publicly available collection of bacterial strains isolated from the human gut. *Nature Communications*. [DOI:10.1038/s41467-025-59229-9](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-025-59229-9)