Genus Hahnella

Etymology

[Hah.ne'lla] **N.L. fem. dim. n.** *Hahnella*, named after the scientist Martin W. Hahn, a pioneer in cultivating important freshwater bacteria; he also isolated the first strains of this genus (MWH-UniP1) and closely related taxa.

Nomenclatural type

Species Hahnella aquaticaTs

Description

Description: A genus of abundant freshwater bacteria, commonly known from metagenomic and 16S rRNA amplicon studies, often referred to MWH-UniP1 group or betaVI in 16S rRNA based studies (PMCID: PMC3063352, 31919153). It contains two species: Hahnella aquatica (MiE-11, GCA_965194505.1) and Hahnella lacustris (MsE-M47, GCA_965194655.1), both isolated from freshwater lakes. Type species is Hahnella aquatica MiE-11 (GCA_965194505.1). The closest cultivated relative is the undescribed Burkholderiales bacterium LSUCC0115 (GCA_009646425.1), with an average amino acid identity of 67-67.3% and average nucleotide identity of 70.6-71.7%. The closest validly described relative is Limnobacter thiooxidans CS-K2 (GCF_036323495.1), with AAIs of 53.6-54.4% and ANIs of 66.4-66.9%. Current GTDB classification (R220): d_Bacteria; p_Pseudomonadota; c_Gammaproteobacteria; o_Burkholderiales; f_Burkholderiaceae_A; g_UBA2463.

Classification

Bacteria » Pseudomonadota » Betaproteobacteria » Burkholderiales » Burkholderiaceae » Hahnella

References

Effective publication: Salcher et al., 2025 [1]

Registry URL

https://seqco.de/i:49113

References

1. Salcher et al. (2025). Bringing the uncultivated microbial majority of freshwater ecosystems into culture. *Nature Communications*. DOI:10.1038/s41467-025-63266-9