Species Thalassovivens spotae^{TS}

Etymology

[spo'tae] **N.L. gen. n.** spotae, in reference to the San Pedro Ocean Time series (SPOT), from which the strain was isolated

Nomenclatural type

NCBI Assembly: GCA 034423775.1 Ts

Reference Strain

Strain sc|0040320: US3C007 = ATCC TSD-433 = NCMA B160 = DSM 119208

Description

In addition to the characteristics of the genus, it has the following features. Cells are coccobacillus shaped, pleomorphic, with average dimensions of 0.23 μ m radius, 1.65 μ m length, and 0.44 μ m3 volume. Halophilic, growing in salinities of 15–49 ppt, but not at 10 ppt or below. Mesophilic, growing between 16–25°C, but not at temperatures of 12°C or below, or at 28.5°C or above. Has a maximum growth rate of 1.55 +/- 0.05 divisions day-1 at 20°C and salinity of 30 ppt.

The type strain, US3C007T (= ATCC TSD-433T = NCMA B160T), was isolated from surface water (2 m) collected at the San Pedro Ocean Time series (33°33′ N, 118°24′ W). The genome sequence is circularized at 3622411 bp with 50.7% GC content. The genome is available on NCBI at BioProject number PRJNA1044073.

Classification

Bacteria » Pseudomonadota » Alphaproteobacteria » Rhodobacterales » Roseobacteraceae » Thalassovivens » Thalassovivens spotae^{Ts}

References

Effective publication: Lanclos et al., 2025 [1] Assigned taxonomically: Lanclos et al., 2025 [1]

Registry URL

https://segco.de/i:50984

References

1. Lanclos et al. (2025). New isolates refine the ecophysiology of the Roseobacter CHAB-I-5 lineage. *ISME Communications*. DOI:10.1093/ismeco/ycaf068