

Phycocordibacterales ord. nov.

Submitted by Jonas, Lauren

Table 1: Complete list of names proposed in the current register list.

Proposed Taxon	Etymology	Description	Parent Taxon	Type	Registry URL
Order <i>Phycocordibacterales</i>	[Phy.co.cor.di.bac.ter.ales] L. masc. n. <i>Phycocordibacter</i> , referring to the type genus <i>Phycocordibacter</i> ; -ales, ending to denote an order; N.L. fem. pl. n. <i>Phycocordibacterales</i> , the <i>Phycocordibacter</i> order	This is an order within the Patescibacteria phylum, some of whose members are symbionts of the microalgae <i>Nannochloropsis oceanica</i> strain IMET1 and <i>Tetrademus obliquus</i> strain HTB1. Both microalgae are grown with 10% CO2 for carbon mitigation research.	<i>Paceibacteria</i>	<i>Phycocordibacter</i>	seqco.de/i:49171
Family <i>Phycocordibacteraceae</i>	[Phy.co.cor.di.bac.ter.a'ce.ae] L. masc. n. <i>Phycocordibacter</i> , referring to the type genus <i>Phycocordibacter</i> ; -aceae, ending to denote a family; N.L. fem. pl. n. <i>Phycocordibacteraceae</i> , the <i>Phycocordibacter</i> family	This is a family within the Patescibacteria phylum, some of whose members are symbionts of the microalgae <i>Nannochloropsis oceanica</i> strain IMET1 and <i>Tetrademus obliquus</i> strain HTB1. Both microalgae are grown with 10% CO2 for carbon mitigation research.	<i>Phycocordibacterales</i>	<i>Phycocordibacter</i>	seqco.de/i:49183
Genus <i>Minusculum</i>	[Mi.nu.scu.lum] L. neut. n. <i>Minusculum</i> , rather small, referring to the genome size	This is a genus within the Patescibacteria phylum, one of whose members is a symbiont of the microalgae <i>Nannochloropsis oceanica</i> strain IMET1 and <i>Tetrademus obliquus</i> strain HTB1. Both microalgae are grown with 10% CO2 for carbon mitigation research.	<i>Phycocordibacteraceae</i>	<i>Minusculum obligatum</i> ^{TS}	seqco.de/i:49177
Genus	[Phy.co.cor.di.bacter] Gr. neut. n. <i>phykos</i> , seaweed or algae; L. neut. n. <i>cordis</i> , the most central part or the	This is a genus within the Patescibacteria phylum, one of whose members is symbionts of the microalgae <i>Nannochloropsis oceanica</i>		<i>Phycocordibacter</i>	

<i>Phycocordibacter</i> Proposed Taxon	heart; N.L. masc. n. <i>bacter</i> , a rod; N.L. masc. n. Etymology	strain IMET1 and <i>Tetradescmus obliquus</i> strain HTB1. Both Description	<i>Phycocordibacteraceae</i> Parent Taxon	<i>aenigmaticus</i> ^{Ts} Type	seqco.de/i:49176 Registry URL
	<i>Phycocordibacter</i> , A core bacteria of a microalgal culture	microalgae are grown with 10% CO2 for carbon mitigation research.			
Species <i>Minusculum obligatum</i> ^{Ts}	[o.bli.ga'tum] L. neut. adj. <i>obligatum</i> , to bind, oblige, or require	This is a Patescibacteria group bacterium that is a symbiont of the microalgae <i>Nannochloropsis oceanica</i> strain IMET1 and <i>Tetradescmus obliquus</i> strain HTB1. Both microalgae are grown with 10% CO2 in our laboratory for carbon mitigation research. This bacterium was found at the 1 L and 500 L scale and has a genome size of 578,798 bp. It is a dominant bacterium based on relative abundance of the 16S rRNA gene at both scales regardless of whether the algae are bubbled with 10% CO2 or ambient air. Its hyper reduced genome suggests its symbiosis may be obligatory.	<i>Minusculum</i>	NCBI Assembly: GCA_045401155.1 ^{Ts}	seqco.de/i:49173
Species <i>Phycocordibacter aenigmaticus</i> ^{Ts}	[ae.nig.ma'ti.cus] L. masc. adj. <i>aenigmaticus</i> , enigmatic or obscure	This is a Patescibacteria group bacterium that is a symbiont of the microalgae <i>Nannochloropsis oceanica</i> strain IMET1 and <i>Tetradescmus obliquus</i> strain HTB1. Both microalgae are grown with 10% CO2 in our laboratory for carbon mitigation research. This bacterium was found at the 1 L and 500 L scale and has a genome size of 721,362 bp.	<i>Phycocordibacter</i>	NCBI Assembly: GCA_045401115.1 ^{Ts}	seqco.de/i:49172